Grand Test – DCCB-190114



DCCB Preliminary Grand Test – DCCB-190114

ANSWER KEY						
1.(4)	21.(3)	41.(1)	61.(2)	81.(3)		
2.(4)	22.(4)	42.(3)	62.(4)	82.(2)		
3. (2)	23.(2)	43.(4)	63.(1)	83.(2)		
4. (2)	24.(2)	44.(1)	64.(3)	84.(3)		
5.(1)	25.(1)	45.(2)	65.(5)	85.(3)		
6.(3)	26.(3)	46.(2)	66.(1)	86.(3)		
7. (4)	27.(1)	47.(1)	67.(2)	87.(1)		
8. (3)	28.(3)	48.(2)	68.(2)	88.(1)		
9. (2)	29.(5)	49.(2)	69.(4)	89.(3)		
10.(5)	30.(3)	50.(1)	70.(4)	90.(2)	T	
11.(2)	31.(2)	51.(2)	71.(5)	91.(1)	E.	
12.(4)	32.(3)	52.(3)	72.(1)	92.(4)		
13.(5)	33.(2)	53.(1)	73.(2)	93.(2)		
14.(1)	34.(1)	54.(5)	74.(4)	94.(5)	Ź	
15.(3)	35.(1)	55.(1)	75.(3)	95.(2)		
16.(1)	36.(2)	56.(2)	76.(3)	96.(2)		
17.(3)	37.(5)	57.(1)	77.(4)	97.(4)		
18.(2)	38.(1)	58.(2)	78.(5)	98.(3)		
19.(2)	39.(2)	59.(3)	79.(1)	99.(3)		
20.(1)	40.(4)	60.(3)	80.(4)	100.(3)		

HINTS & SOLUTIONS

- 1.(4) HDI is as important as growth rates
- To denote the states which need government's 2.(4) more focused attention
- These states have registered higher growth rates 3.(2) compared to that of earlier years
- 4. (2) Poverty and under development in these states is still prevalent
- 5.(1) These states have not shown improvement in the growth rate
- 6.(3) Last 5 years
- 7.(4) The meaning of the word **Dismal (Adjective)** as used in the passage is : showing sadness; gloomy; miserable; not successful. The meaning of the word Positive (Adjective) as used in the passage is : producing a successful result. Hence, the words dismal and positive are antonymous.
- 8. (3) The meaning of the word Decelerate (Verb) as used in the passage is : to become or make something become slower; slow down.

The meaning of the word Accelerate (Verb) as used in the passage is : to happen or to make something happen faster than expected.

Hence, the words **accelerated** and **decelerated** are antonymous.

- 9. (2) The meaning of the word **Markers (Noun)** as used in the passage is : an object or a sign that shows the position of something; indicators.
- 10. (5) The meaning of the word Junk (Verb) as used in the passage is : to get rid of some-thing because it is no longer useful or valuable; discard.
- 12.(4) D 11. (2) F
 - 14.(1) B Е
- 16. (1) variables 15. (3) С 17. (3)

13. (5)

19. (2)

26. (3)

28. (3)

30. (3)

- 18. (2) reckoning jeopardize
- bringing 20. (1) shame
- 21. (3) Plural subject agrees with plural verb. Hence, system and need to should be used.
- Here, passive voice should be used. Hence, replace 22. (4) which is yet to take by which is yet to be taken.
- Here, gerund should be used. Hence, process of 23. (2) finalising new policy should be used.
- 24. (2) Here, 'world's leader manufacturer' should be replaced by world's leading manufacturer. The word leading is an Adjective.
- 25. (1) The word 'per cent' is followed by preposition 'of. Hence, over eighty per cent of us should be used.
 - 27. (1) 29. (5)

- The pattern of the number series is : 31. (2)
 - 13 + 3 = 16
 - 16 + (3 + 3) = 22

$$22 + (6 + 5) = 33$$

51 + (18 + 9) = 78

- 32. (3) The pattern of the number series is : 39 + 1 × 13 = 52
 - 52 + 2 × 13 = 78

33. (2) The pattern of the number series is : $62 + 5^2 = 62 + 25 = 87$ $87 + 10^2 = 87 + 100 = 187$ $187 + 15^2 = 187 + 225 = 412$ 412 + 20^2 = 412 + 400 = 812 $812 + (25)^2 = 812 + 625 = 1437$

🔔 RACE Grand Test – DCCB-190114 34. (1) The pattern of the number series is : Quicker approach 39. (2) $7 + 1^2 = 8$ If the side of the square be x cm then, $8 + 4^2 = 24$ $\pi \times 35 \times 35 + x^2 = 5450$ $24 + 9^2 = 105$ $\Rightarrow \frac{22}{7} \times 35 \times 35 + x^2 = 5450$ 105+ $16^2 = 361$ $361 + 25^2 = 986$ $\Rightarrow x^2 = 5450 - 3850 = 1600$ 35. (1) The pattern of the number series is : $\therefore x = 40 \text{cm}$ 656 - 224 = 432 \therefore Required sum = $\pi \times d + 4x$ 432 - 112 = 320 $=\left(\frac{22}{7} \times 70 + 4 \times 40\right)$ cm. = 380 cm. 320 - 56 = 264 264 - 28 = 236 Quicker approach 40. (4) 236 – 14 = 222 If the largest and the second largest angles be $3x^0$ 36. (2) Quicker approach and $2x^0$. respectively then, Monthly salary of Raj third angle = x $\frac{1.44 \times 66}{12 \times 100} = \text{Rs.0.072lakh}$ \therefore x + 2x + 3x = 180° $\Rightarrow x = 30^{\circ}$ · Required sum \therefore Anuj's monthly salary $\times \frac{1}{c}$ $x + 2x = 3x = 90^{\circ}$ 41. (1) Total number of books = 8 + 7 + 6 = 21= Raj's monthly salary $\times \frac{3}{4}$ Let E be the event that the picked book is neither Anuj's monthly salary = Rs. $\left(0.072 \times \frac{3}{4} \times 5\right)$ lakh in Hindi nor in Urdu or the event that the book picked is i9n English n(E) = 7 $\therefore p(E) = \frac{1}{2}$ = Rs. 27000 37. (5) Quicker approach 42. (3) x = Present age of Ram's son = x years \therefore Ram's present age = $\frac{15x}{2}$ years Clearly $x \ge y$ $\therefore x + 3x + \frac{15x}{2} = 46 \times 3$ \Rightarrow 23x = 46 \times 3 \times 2 \Rightarrow x = 12 \therefore Required difference \therefore Clearly $x \le y$ $=\frac{15x}{2}-x=\frac{13x}{2}$ 44. (1) $x = \frac{-4}{3}, -3$ $=\frac{13\times12}{2}=78$ years y = -4, -5 \therefore Clearly x > y 38. (1) Quicker approach 45. (2) $x = \frac{7}{8}, 1$ Speed of the bus $=\frac{480}{8}$ = 60 kmph $y = 2, \frac{3}{2}$ \therefore Speed of the train \therefore Clearly x < y $=60 \times \frac{4}{3} = 80$ kmph 46. (2) x = 4 and y = 5 \therefore Clearly x < y \therefore Speed of the car = $\frac{15}{16} \times 80$ = 75 kmph 47. (1) Total no. of students passed from school A in all the years = 240 + 350 + 360 + 300 + 320 = 1570 ∴ Required distance = Speed \times time = 75 \times 6 = 450 km.

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Total no. of students passed from school C in all the years = 200 + 240 + 210 + 250 + 280 = 1180 The sum of total students passed from A & C is = 1570 + 1180 = 2750.48. (2) No. of girls passed from school A in 2007 $=350 \times \frac{3}{7} = 150$ No. of boys passed from school C in 2006 $=200 \times \frac{3}{5} = 120$ Required ratio = 150 : 120 = 5 : 4 49. (2) No. of boys passed from school D in 2010 $=640 \times \frac{5}{8} = 400$ Total passed students in that year = 640 Required percentage $=\frac{400}{640} \times 100 = 62.5\%$ 50. (1) No. of girls passed from school D in 2008 $=450 \times \frac{5}{9} = 250$ No. of girls passed from school B in 2010 = $450 \times \frac{4}{9} = 200$ Required percentage = $\frac{250 - 200}{200} \times 100 = \frac{50}{200} \times 100 = 25\%$ **51 – 55.** Number of boys = $\frac{1200 \times 45}{100} = 540$ Number of girls = 1200 - 540 = 660Number of girls visiting Mumbai = $\frac{660 \times 30}{100} = 198$ Number of girls visiting Delhi = $660 \times \frac{2}{5} = 264$ $\frac{264}{2} = 132$ Number of girls visiting Jodhpur = Number of girls visiting Kolkatta $=\frac{2}{3}(660-198-264-132)=44$ Number of girls visiting Varanasi = 22 Number of boys visiting Mumbai = 300 - 198 = 102 Number of boys visiting Delhi = $540 \times \frac{1}{5} = 108$ Number of boys visiting Jodhpur = $540 \times \frac{40}{100} = 216$ Number of boys visiting Kolkata = $\frac{114}{2} = 57$ Number of boys visiting Varanasi = 57 Required number of girls = 198 + 264 + 22 = 484 51. (2) Required percentage = $\frac{216+132}{264} \times 100 = 132$ 52. (3) 53. (1) Required average = $\frac{57+57+216}{3} = \frac{330}{3} = 110$

🔔 RACE

54. (5) Required number of students = 22 + 57 = 79
55. (1) Required ratio = 44 : 102 = 22 : 51
56. (2) Reqd.% =
$$\frac{700-500}{500} \times 100 \Rightarrow \frac{200}{500} \times 100 = 40\%$$

57. (1) Total export of all three companies in the year
2008 = 600 + 700 + 800 = 2100
Total export of all three companies in the year
2010 = 400 + 600 + 800 = 1800
Required ratio = 2100 : 1800 = 7 : 6
58. (2) 2008 $\Rightarrow \frac{200}{100} \times 100 = 20\%$ (decrease)
2009 $\Rightarrow \frac{200}{800} \times 100 = 25\%$ (decrease)
2010 $\Rightarrow \frac{200}{600} \times 100 = 33\frac{1}{2}\%$ (decrease)
2011 $\Rightarrow \frac{200}{600} \times 100 = 50\%$ (increase)
2012 $\Rightarrow \frac{300}{600} \times 100 = 50\%$ (increase)
2012 $\Rightarrow \frac{300}{600} \times 100 = 50\%$ (increase)
59. (3) Average = $\frac{800 + 700 + 500 + 800 + 1000 + 700}{6}$
= 750 thousand tones
60. (3) Re qd % = $\frac{3500 \times 100}{4500} = 77.77\% \approx 78\%$
61 (2) 194 + 228 + x + 422 = 1168
x = 1168 - 844 = 324
62. (4) x = $\frac{12}{7} \times \frac{91}{13} \times \frac{53}{9} \square 70$
63. (1) 888888 ± 88 ± 8 = x ⇒ x = $\frac{10101}{8} \approx 1263$
64. (3) 28 × 29 × 17 = x
x ≈ 13822
55. (5) x = $\frac{1334}{2.1} \times 6 + 12 \approx 3800$
66. (1) J ÷ P % H ? T % L
J is son of P
P is mother of H
T is mother of H
T is mother of ? is x.
67. (2) Only 2 is satisfy the J is brother of T.
So, in place of ? is x.
67. (2) Only 2 is satisfy the M is the daughter of D.
L is father of T
68. (2) I + T % J × L ÷ K
I is father of T
T is mother of J
J is sister of T.
68. (2) I + T % J × L ÷ K
I is father of T
T is mother of J
J is sister of C
L is son of K
From above relation only K is son-in-law of I is true.
69. (4) If Y is son of X is definitely false in only 4.
W \$ X + L + Y + T



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Corrupt	\rightarrow	phi
Good	\rightarrow	mo
System	\rightarrow	tic
Desire	\rightarrow	gi
Change	\rightarrow	zo

- 96. (2) Su
- 97. (4) Ki ra gi

98. (3) good

99. (3) govt law corrupt

100. (3) da su mo ye



